#### PHARMACEUTICS (MPH)

#### SEMESTER - I

# MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (MPH 101T)

#### Scope

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.

#### Objectives

After completion of course student is able to know,

- Chemicals and Excipients
- . The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms
- . Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

THEORY 60 HOURS

- a. UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy.
  - IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IRspectroscopy
  - c. Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.
  - d. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.
- NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy.

11 Hrs

- Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy
- 4 Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following:

11

a) Paper chromatography

Hrs

- b) ThinLayer chromatography
- c) Ionexchangechromatography
- d) Column chromatography
- e) Gas chromatography
- f) High Performance Liquid chromatography
- g) Affinity chromatography

11 Hrs

- 5 a. Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following:
  - a) Paper electrophoresis
- b) Gelelectrophoresis
- c) Capillary electrophoresis
- d) Zone electrophoresis
- 5 Hrs
- e) Moving boundary electrophoresis
  f) Iso electric focusing
  b. X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray
- diffraction methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.
- 6 Immunological assays: RIA (Radio immuno assay), ELISA, Bioluminescence assays.

- 1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
- 2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
- 3. Instrumental methods of analysis Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
- 4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 5. Organic Spectroscopy William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
- 6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods Part B J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series

# DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS (MPH 102T)

#### SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge on the area of advances in novel drug delivery systems.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

Upon completion of the course, student shall be able to understand

- The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
- The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of delivering system
- The formulation and evaluation of Novel drug delivery systems...

- 1. Sustained Release(SR) and Controlled Release (CR) 10 formulations: Introduction & basic concepts, advantages/ disadvantages, Hrs factors influencing, Physicochemical & biological approaches for SR/CR Mechanism of Drug Delivery from formulation, SR/CR formulation. definition, classification, properties and Polymers: introduction. application Dosage Forms for Personalized Medicine: Introduction, Definition, Pharmacogenetics, Categories of Patients for Personalized Medicines: Customized drug delivery systems, Bioelectronic Medicines, 3D printing of pharmaceuticals, Telepharmacy.
- Rate Controlled Drug Delivery Systems: Principles & Fundamentals, Types, Activation; Modulated Drug Delivery Systems; Mechanically activated, pH activated, Enzyme activated, and Osmotic activated Drug Delivery Systems; Principles & Fundamentals.
- Gastro-Retentive Drug Delivery Systems: Principle, concepts advantages and disadvantages, Modulation of GI transit time approaches to extend GI transit. Buccal Drug Delivery Systems: Principle of muco adhesion, advantages and disadvantages, Mechanism of drug permeation, Methods of formulation and its evaluations.

  10
  Hrs
- 4 Occular Drug Delivery Systems: Barriers of drug permeation, Methods to overcome barriers.

5	Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems: Structure of skin and barriers, Penetration enhancers, Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems, Formulation and evaluation.	10 Hrs
6	Protein and Peptide Delivery: Barriers for protein delivery. Formulation and Evaluation of delivery systems of proteins and other macromolecules.	08 Hrs
7	Vaccine delivery systems: Vaccines, uptake of antigens, single shot	06 Hrs

- Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2nd edition, revised and expanded, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.
- 2 Robinson, J. R., Lee V. H. L, Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.

vaccines, mucosalandtransdermaldeliveryof vaccines.

- 3. Encyclopedia of controlled delivery, Editor Edith Mathiowitz, Published by WileyInterscience Publication, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, New York! Chichester/Weinheim
- 4 N.K. Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).
- 5. S.P.Vyas and R.K.Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery-concepts and advances, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi, First edition 2002

#### **JOURNALS**

- 1. Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (IPA)
- 2. Indian drugs (IDMA)
- 3. Journal of controlled release (Elsevier Sciences) desirable
- 4. Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy (Marcel & Decker) desirable

# MODERN PHARMACEUTICS (MPH 103T)

#### Scope

Course designed to impart advanced knowledge and skills required to learn various aspects and concepts at pharmaceutical industries

#### Objectives

Upon completion of the course, student shall be able to understand

- The elements of preformulation studies.
- The Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Generic drug Product development
- . Industrial Management and GMPConsiderations.
- Optimization Techniques & Pilot Plant Scale Up Techniques
- Stability Testing, sterilization process & packaging of dosage forms.

## THEORY 60 HRS

- 1. a. Preformation Concepts Drug Excipient interactions different methods, kinetics of stability, Stability testing. Theories of dispersion and pharmaceutical Dispersion (Emulsion and Suspension, SMEDDS) preparation and stability Large and small volume parental physiological and formulation consideration, Manufacturing and evaluation.
  - b. Optimization techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation: Concept and parameters of optimization, Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical Hrs formulation and processing. Statistical design, Response surface method, Contour designs, Factorial designs and application in formulation
- Validation: Introduction to Pharmaceutical Validation, Scope & merits of Validation, Validation and calibration of Master plan, ICH & WHO guidelines for calibration and validation of equipments, Validation of specific dosage form, Types of validation. Government regulation, Manufacturing Process Model, URS, DQ, IQ, OQ & P.Q. of facilities.
- 3 cGMP & Industrial Management: Objectives and policies of current good manufacturing practices, layout of buildings, services, equipments and their maintenance Production management: Production organization, materials management, handling and transportation, inventory management and control, production and planning control, Sales forecasting, budget and cost control, industrial and personal relationship. Concept of Total Quality Management.

- 4 Compression and compaction: Physics of tablet compression, 10 compression, consolidation, effect of friction, distribution of forces, compaction profiles. Solubility.
  - Study of consolidation parameters; Diffusion parameters, Dissolution parameters and Pharmacokinetic parameters, Heckel plots, Similarity factors f2 and f1, Higuchi and Peppas plot, Linearity Concept of significance,

1. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy By Lachmann and Libermann

Standard deviation, Chi square test, students T-test, ANOVA test.

- 2. Pharmaceutical dosage forms: Tablets Vol. 1-3 by Leon Lachmann.
- 3. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms: Disperse systems, Vol, 1-2; By Leon Lachmann.
- 4. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms: Parenteral medications Vol. 1-2; By Leon Lachmann.
- 5. Modern Pharmaceutics; By Gillbert and S. Banker.
- 6. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.
- 7. Advances in Pharmaceutical Sciences Vol. 1-5; By H.S. Bean & A.H. Beckett.
- 8. Physical Pharmacy; By Alfred martin
- 9. Bentley's Textbook of Pharmaceutics by Rawlins.
- 10. Goodmanufacturing practices for Pharmaceuticals: Aplan for total quality control, Second edition; By Sidney H. Willig.
- 11. Quality Assurance Guide; By Organization of Pharmaceutical producers of India.
- 12. Drug formulation manual; By D.P.S. Kohli and D.H.Shah. Eastern publishers, New Delhi.
- 13. How to practice GMPs; By P.P.Sharma. Vandhana Publications, Agra.
- 14. Pharmaceutical Process Validation; By Fra. R. Berry and Robert A. Nash.
- 15. Pharmaceutical Preformulations; By J.J. Wells.
- Applied production and operations management; By Evans, Anderson, Sweeney and Williams.
- 17. Encyclopaedia of Pharmaceutical technology, Vol I III.

# REGULATORY AFFAIRS (MPH 104T)

#### Scope

Course designed to impart advanced knowledge and skills required to learn the concept of generic drug and their development, various regulatory filings in different countries, different phases of clinical trials and submitting regulatory documents: filing process of IND, NDA and ANDA

- . Toknow the approval process of
- To know the chemistry, manufacturing controls and their regulatory importance
- To learn the documentation requirements for
- To learn the importance and

#### Objectives:

Upon completion of the course, it is expected that the students will be able to understand

- The Concepts of innovator and generic drugs, drug development process.

  The Regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process.
- Preparation of Dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries
- Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products
- . Submission of global documents in CTD/eCTD formats
- Clinical trials requirements for approvals for conducting clinical trials
- Pharmacovigilence and process of monitoring in clinical trials.

- a. Documentation in Pharmaceutical industry: Master formula record, DMF (Drug Master File), distribution records. Generic drugs product development Introduction, Hatch- Waxman act and amendments, CFR (CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATION), drug product performance, invitro, ANDA regulatory approval process, NDA approval process, BE and drug product assessment, in -vivo, scale up process approval changes, post marketing surveillance, outsourcing BA and BE to CRO.
  - b. Regulatory requirement for product approval: API, biologics, novel, therapies obtaining NDA, ANDA for generic drugs ways and means of US registration for foreign drugs

- CMC, post approval regulatory affairs. Regulation for combination products and medical devices. CTD and ECTD format, industry and FDA liaison. ICH Guidelines of ICH-Q, S E, M. Regulatory requirements of EU, MHRA, TGA and ROW countries.
- Non clinical drug development: Global submission of IND, NDA, ANDA. Investigation of medicinal products dossier, dossier (IMPD) and Hrs investigator brochure (IB).
- 4 Clinical trials: Developing clinical trial protocols. Institutional review board/ independent ethics committee Formulation and working 12 procedures informed Consent process and procedures. HIPAA- new, requirement to clinical study process, pharmacovigilance safety monitoring in clinical trials.

- Generic Drug Product Development, Solid Oral Dosage forms, Leon Shargel and IsaderKaufer, Marcel Dekker series, Vol. 143
- The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, Second Edition Edited by Ira R. Berry and Robert P. Martin, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol. 185, Informa Health care Publishers.
- 3. New Drug Approval Process: Accelerating Global Registrations By Richard A Guarino, MD,5thedition, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol. 190.
- 4. Guidebook for drug regulatory submissions / Sandy Weinberg. By John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
- FDA regulatory affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics/edited By Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus.
- Clinical Trials and Human Research: A Practical Guide to Regulatory Compliance By Fay A.Rozovsky and Rodney K. Adams
- www.ich.org/
- 8. www.fda.gov/
- 9. europa.eu/index\_en.htm
- 10.https://www.tga.gov.au/tga-basics

# PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICAL - I (MPH 105PA)

- 1. Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis
- spectrophotometer
  2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
- 3. Experiments based on HPLC
- 4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
- 5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
- 6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
- 7. To carry out preformulation studies of tablets.
- 8. To study the effect of compressional force on tablets disintegration time.
- 9. To study Micromeritic properties of powders and granulation.

### PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICAL - II

#### (MPH 105PB)

- To study the effect of particle size on dissolution of a tablet.
   To study the effect of binders on dissolution of a tablet.
- 3. To plot Heckal plot, Higuchi and peppas plot and determine similarity factors.
- 4. To perform In-vitro dissolution profile of CR/ SR marketed formulation
- 5. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release matrix tablets
- Formulation and evaluation osmotically controlled DDS
- 7. Preparation and evaluation of Floating DDS- hydro dynamically balanced DDS
- 8. Formulation and evaluation of Muco adhesive tablets.
- 9. Formulation and evaluation of trans dermal patches.

#### SEMESTER - II

# MOLECULAR PHARMACEUTICS (NANO TECHNOLOGY & TARGETED DDS) (NTDS) (MPH 201T)

#### Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge on the area of advances in novel drug delivery systems.

#### Objectives

Upon completion of the course student shall be able to understand

- The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
- The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of NTDS
- The formulation and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.

THEORY 60 Hrs Targeted Drug Delivery Systems: Concepts, Events and biological 12 process involved in drug targeting. Tumor targeting and Brain specific Hrs delivery. 12 2 Targeting Methods: introduction preparation and evaluation. Hrs Nano Particles & Liposomes: Types, preparation and evaluation. 12 Micro Capsules / Micro Spheres: Types, preparation and evaluation, Monoclonal Antibodies; preparation and application, preparation and application of Niosomes, Aquasomes, Phytosomes, Electrosomes. Hrs 4 Pulmonary Drug Delivery Systems: Aerosols, propellents, 12 Containers Types, preparation and evaluation, Intra Nasal Route Delivery Hrs systems; Types, preparation and evaluation. 5 Nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system: Gene therapy, introduction 12 (ex-vivo & in-vivo gene therapy). Potential target diseases for gene therapy Hrs

(inherited disorder and cancer). Gene expression systems (viral and nonviral

Biodistribution and Pharmacokinetics. knowledge of therapeutic antisense

#### REFERENCES

Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2nd edition, revised and expanded, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992. S.P. Vyas and R.K. Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery - concepts and advances, VallabhPrakashan, New Delhi, First edition 2002.

gene transfer). Liposomal gene delivery systems.

molecules and aptamers as drugs of future.

- N.K. Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers & Distributors, NewDelhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).

# ADVANCED BIOPHARMACEUTICS & PHARMACOKINETICS (MPH 202T)

#### Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for dose calculations, dose adjustments and to apply biopharmaceutics theories in practical problem solving. Basic theoretical discussions of the principles of biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics are provided to help the students' to clarify the concepts.

#### Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able understand,

- The basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.
- The use raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.
- The critical evaluation of biopharmaceutic studies involving drug product equivalency.
- The design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.
- The potential clinical pharmacokinetic problems and application of basics of pharmacokinetic

- 1. Drug Absorption from the Gastrointestinal Tract: Gastrointestinal tract, Mechanism of drug absorption, Factors affecting drug absorption, pH-partition theory of drug absorption. Formulation and physicochemical factors: Dissolution rate, Dissolution process, Noyes-Whitney equation and drug dissolution, Factors affecting the dissolution rate. Gastrointestinal absorption: role of the dosage form: Solution (elixir, syrup and solution) as a dosage form, Suspension as a dosage form, Capsule as a dosage form, Tablet as a dosage form, Dissolution methods, Formulation and processing factors, Correlation of in vivo data with in vitro dissolution data. Transport model: Permeability-Solubility-Charge State and the pH Partition Hypothesis, Properties of the Gastrointestinal Tract (GIT), pH Microclimate Intracellular pH Environment, Tight-Junction Complex.
- Biopharmaceutic considerations in drug product design and In Vitro Drug Product Performance: Introduction, biopharmaceutic factors 12 affecting drug bioavailability, rate-limiting steps in drug absorption, Hrs physicochemical nature of the drug formulation factors affecting drug product performance, in vitro: dissolution and drug release testing, compendial methods of dissolution, alternative methods of dissolution testing, meeting dissolution requirements, problems of variable control in dissolution testingperformance of drug products. In vitro-in vivo correlation, dissolution profile comparisons, drug product stability, considerations in the design of adrug product.
- Pharmacokinetics: Basic considerations, pharmacokinetic models, compartment modeling: one compartment model- IV bolus, IV infusion, extravascular. Multi compartment model: two compartment model in brief, non-linear pharmacokinetics: cause of non-linearity, Michaelis—Menten equation, estimation of k<sub>max</sub> and v<sub>max</sub>. Drug interactions: introduction, the effect of protein-binding interactions, the effect of tissue-binding interactions, cytochrome p450-based drug interactions, drug interactions linked to transporters.

Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and Bioequivalence: drug product performance, purpose of bioavailability studies, relative and absolute availability. methods for assessing bioavailability, bioequivalence studies, design and evaluation of bioequivalence studies, study designs, crossover study designs, evaluation of the data, bioequivalence example, study submission and drug review process. biopharmaceutics classification system, methods. Permeability: Invitro, in-situ and In-vivo methods.generic biologics (biosimilar drug products), clinical significance of bioequivalence studies, special concerns in bioavailability and bioequivalence studies, generic substitution.

12

Hrs

12 Hrs

Application of Pharmacokinetics: Modified-Release Drug Products, Targeted Drug Delivery Systems and Biotechnological Products. Introduction to Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic, drug interactions. Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of biotechnology drugs. Introduction, Proteins and peptides, Monoclonal antibodies, Oligonucleotides, Vaccines (immunotherapy), Genetherapies.

- Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi, 4th edition, Philadelphia, Lea and Febiger, 1991
- 2. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, A. Treatise, D.M. Brahmankar and Sunil B. Jaiswal., VallabPrakashan, Pitampura, Delhi
- 3. Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Shargel. Land YuABC, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Connecticut Appleton Century Crofts, 1985
- 4. Textbook of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Dr. Shobha Rani R. Hiremath, Prism Book
- Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi and D. Perrier, 2nd edition, Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1982
- Current Concepts in Pharmaceutical Sciences: Biopharmaceutics, Swarbrick. J, Leaand Febiger, Philadelphia, 1970
- Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications 3rd edition by MalcolmRowland and Thom~ N. Tozer, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1995
- Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence, Abdou. H.M, Mack PublishingCompany, Pennsylvania 1989
- Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics, An Introduction, 4th edition, revised and expande by Robert. E. Notari, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York and Basel, 1987.
- Biopharmaceutics and Relevant Pharmacokinetics by John. G Wagner and M.Pemarowski, 1st edition, Drug Intelligence Publications, Hamilton, Illinois, 1971.
- 11. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.
- Basic Pharmacokinetics,1 st edition,Sunil S JambhekarandPhilip J Breen,pharmaceutical press, RPS Publishing,2009.
- Absorption and Drug Development- Solubility, Permeability, and Charge State, Alex Avdeef, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 2003.

# COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DEVELOPMENT (MPH 203T)

#### Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for computer Applications in pharmaceutical research and development who want to understand the application of computers across the entire drug research and development process. Basic theoretical discussions of the principles of more integrated and coherent use of computerized information (informatics) in the drug development process are provided to help the students to clarify the concepts.

#### Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Historyof Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development
- Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition
- . Computers in Preclinical Development
- Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation
- Computers in Market Analysis
- Computers in Clinical Development
- Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Robotics
- Computational fluid dynamics(CFD)

- a. Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development:
   A General Overview: History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research
   and Development. Statistical modeling in Pharmaceutical research and
   development: Descriptive versus Mechanistic Modeling, Statistical
   Parameters, Estimation, Confidence Regions, Nonlinearity at the
   Optimum, Sensitivity Analysis, Optimal Design, Population Modeling
  - b. Quality-by-Design In Pharmaceutical Development: Introduction, ICH Q8 guideline, Regulatory and industry views on QbD, Scientifically based QbD - examples of application.
- Computational Modeling Of Drug Disposition: Introduction, Modeling 12
   Techniques: Drug Absorption, Solubility, Intestinal Permeation, Drug Hrs
   Distribution, Drug Excretion, Active Transport; P-gp, BCRP, Nucleoside
   Transporters, hPEPT1, ASBT, OCT, OATP, BBB-Choline Transporter.

- Optimization parameters, Factorial design, Optimization technology & Screening design. Computers in Pharmaceutical Formulation: Development of pharmaceutical emulsions, microemulsion drug carriers Legal Protection of Innovative Uses of Computers in R&D, The Ethics of Computing in Pharmaceutical Research, Computers in Market analysis
- 12 4 a. Computer-aided biopharmaceutical characterization: Gastrointestinal Introduction, Theoretical background, Model Hrs absorption simulation. construction, Parameter sensitivity analysis, Virtual trial, Fed vs. fasted state, In vitro dissolution and in vitro- in vivo correlation, Biowaiver considerations b. Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics: Introduction, Computer Simulation: Organism, Isolated Tissues, Organs, Cell, Proteins and Genes. c. Computers in Clinical Development: Clinical Data Collection and Management, Regulation of Computer Systems
- Artificial Intelligence (AI), Robotics and Computational fluid dynamics:

  General overview, Pharmaceutical Automation, Pharmaceutical applications, Advantages and Disadvantages. Current Challenges and Future Directions.

- Computer Applications in Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Sean Ekins, 2006, John Wiley & Sons.
- Computer-Aided Applications in Pharmaceutical Technology, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Jelena Djuris, Woodhead Publishing
- Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.

# FORMULATION DEVELOPMENT OF PHARMACEUTICAL AND COSMETIC PRODUCTS (MPH204T)

#### Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students on par with the routine of Industrial activities in R&D and F&D.

#### Objectives

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand-

The scheduled activities in a Pharmaceutical firm.

The pre formulation studies of pilot batches of pharmaceutical industry. The significance of dissolution and product stability

THEORY 60 Hrs

#### 1. Preformulation Studies:

12 Hrs

Molecular optimization of APIs (drug substances), crystal morphology and variations, powder flow, structure modification, drug-excipient compatibility studies, methods of determination.

#### 2. Formulation Additives:

12 Hrs

Study of different formulation additives, factors influencing their incorporation, role of formulation development and processing, new developments in excipient science. Design of experiments – factorial design for product and process development.

#### 3. Solubility & Dissolution:

12 Hrs

Importance, experimental determination, phase-solubility analysis, pH-solubility profile, solubility techniques to improve solubility and utilization of analytical methods – cosolvency, salt formation, complexation, solid dispersion, micellar solubilization and hydrotropy. Theories and mechanisms of dissolution, in-vitro dissolution testing models – sink and non-sink. Factor influencing dissolution and intrinsic dissolution studies. Dissolution test apparatus – designs, dissolution testing for conventional and controlled release products. Data handling and correction factor. Biorelevent media, in-vitro and in-vivo correlations, levels of correlations.

#### 4. Product Stability:

12 Hrs

Degradation kinetics, mechanisms, stability testing of drugs and pharmaceuticals, factors influencing-media effects and pH effects, accelerated stability studies, interpretation of kinetic data (API & tablets). Solid state stability and shelf life assignment. Stability protocols, reports and ICH guidelines.

#### 5. Cosmetics:

12 Hrs

Formulation, Evaluation and packaging of the following cosmetic products: Dentrifices like tooth powders, pastes and gels. ManIcure preparations like nail polish, lipsticks, eye lashes, Baby care products, Moisturizing cream, vanishing cream, cold cream, shampoo, Soaps and syndetbars

- Lachman L, Lieberman HA, Kanig JL. The Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., Varghese Publishers, Mumbai 1991.
  Sinko PJ. Martin's physical pharmacy and pharmaceutical sciences, 5 ed., B.I. Publications Pvt. Ltd, Noida, 2006.
  Lieberman HA, Lachman L, Schwartz JB. Pharmaceutical dosage forms: tablets Vol. I-III, 2<sup>nd</sup>ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2.
- 3.
- Conners KA. A Text book of pharmaceutical analysis Wells JI. Pharmaceutical preformulation: The physicochemical properties of drug substances. Ellis Horwood Ltd., England, 1998.
- Yalkowsky SH. Techniques of solubilization Inc., New York, 1981 of drugs. Vol-12. Marcel Dekker 5.
- Dressman J, Kramer J. Pharmaceutical dissolution testing. Saurah printer pvt. Ltd., New 6. Delhi,2005.
- 7. Sethi PD. Quantitative analysis of drugs in pharmaceutical formulations, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., CBS publications, New Delhi, 2008.
- Carstensen JT, Rhodes CT. Drug stability principles and practices, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2005.

  Yoshioka S, Stella VJ. Stability of drugs and dosage forms, Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd., New 8.
- Delhi, 2006.
- 10. Banker GS, Rhodes CT. Modern Pharmaceutics, 4th ed., Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 2005.
- W. Grimm Stability testing of drug products.
   Mazzo DJ. International stability testing. Eastern Press Pvt. Ltd., Bangalore, 1999.13. Beckett AH, Stenlake JB. Practical pharmaceutical chemistry, Part I & II., 4<sup>th</sup> ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2004.
   Indian Pharmacopoeia. Controller of Publication. Delhi, 1996.
   British Pharmacopoeia. British Pharmacopoeia Commission Office, London, 2008.
   United States Pharmacopoeia. United States Pharmacopoeia Convention. Inc. USA. 2003.

- 15. United States Pharmacopoeia. United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc, USA, 2003.
- Encyclopaedia of Pharm. Technology, Vol I III.
   Wells J. I. Pharmaceutical Preformulation: The physicochemical properties of drug substances, Ellis Horwood Ltd. England, 1988.
- 18. Harry's Cosmeticology. 8th edition.
  19. Poucher's perfume cosmetics and Soaps, 10th edition.
- Cosmetics Formulation, Manufacture and quality control, PP.Sharma,4<sup>th</sup> edition
   Handbook of cosmetic science and Technology A.O.Barel, M.Paye and H.I. Maibach. 3 rd edition

# PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICAL - III (MPH 205PA)

1. To study the effect of temperature change, non solvent addition, incompatible polymer addition in microcapsules preparation

2. Preparation and evaluation of Alginate beads

3. Formulation and evaluation of gelatin /albumin microspheres 4. Formulation and evaluation of liposomes/niosomes

5. Formulation and evaluation of spherules

6. Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique.

7. Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products /brands

8. Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug & poorly protein bound drug

9. Bioavailability studies of Paracetamol in animals.

10. Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by Winnoline<sup>R</sup> software

11. In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism

# PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICAL - IV (MPH 205PB)

DoE Using Design Expert<sup>®</sup> Software
 Formulation data analysis Using Design Expert<sup>®</sup> Software

3. Quality-by-Design in Pharmaceutical Development

4. Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics

5. Computational Modeling Of Drug Disposition 6. To develop Clinical Data Collection manual

7. To carry out Sensitivity Analysis, and Population Modeling.

8. Development and evaluation of Creams

9. Development and evaluation of Shampoo and Toothpaste base

10. Formulation Development of Multi Vitamnin Syrup

11. Use of Optimization techniques in Formulation Development of Tablets